

## THE PERIOD OF THE LIMIT CYCLE BIFURCATING FROM A PERSISTENT POLYCYCLE

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**Abstract:** We consider smooth families of planar polynomial vector fields  $\{X_\mu\}_{\mu \in \Lambda}$ , where  $\Lambda$  is an open subset of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , for which there is a hyperbolic polycycle  $\Gamma$  that is persistent (i.e., such that none of the separatrix connections is broken along the family). It is well known that in this case the cyclicity of  $\Gamma$  at  $\mu_0$  is zero unless its graphic number  $r(\mu_0)$  is equal to one. It is also well known that if  $r(\mu_0) = 1$  (and some generic conditions on the return map are verified), then the cyclicity of  $\Gamma$  at  $\mu_0$  is one, i.e., exactly one limit cycle bifurcates from  $\Gamma$ . In this paper we prove that this limit cycle approaches  $\Gamma$  exponentially fast and that its period goes to infinity as  $1/|r(\mu) - 1|$  when  $\mu \rightarrow \mu_0$ . Moreover, we prove that if those generic conditions are not satisfied, although the cyclicity may be exactly 1, the behavior of the period of the limit cycle is not determined.

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**Key words:** limit cycle, polycycle, cyclicity, period, asymptotic expansion, Dulac map.